

Upper respiratory tract microbiota of dairy calves experimentally challenged with BRSV

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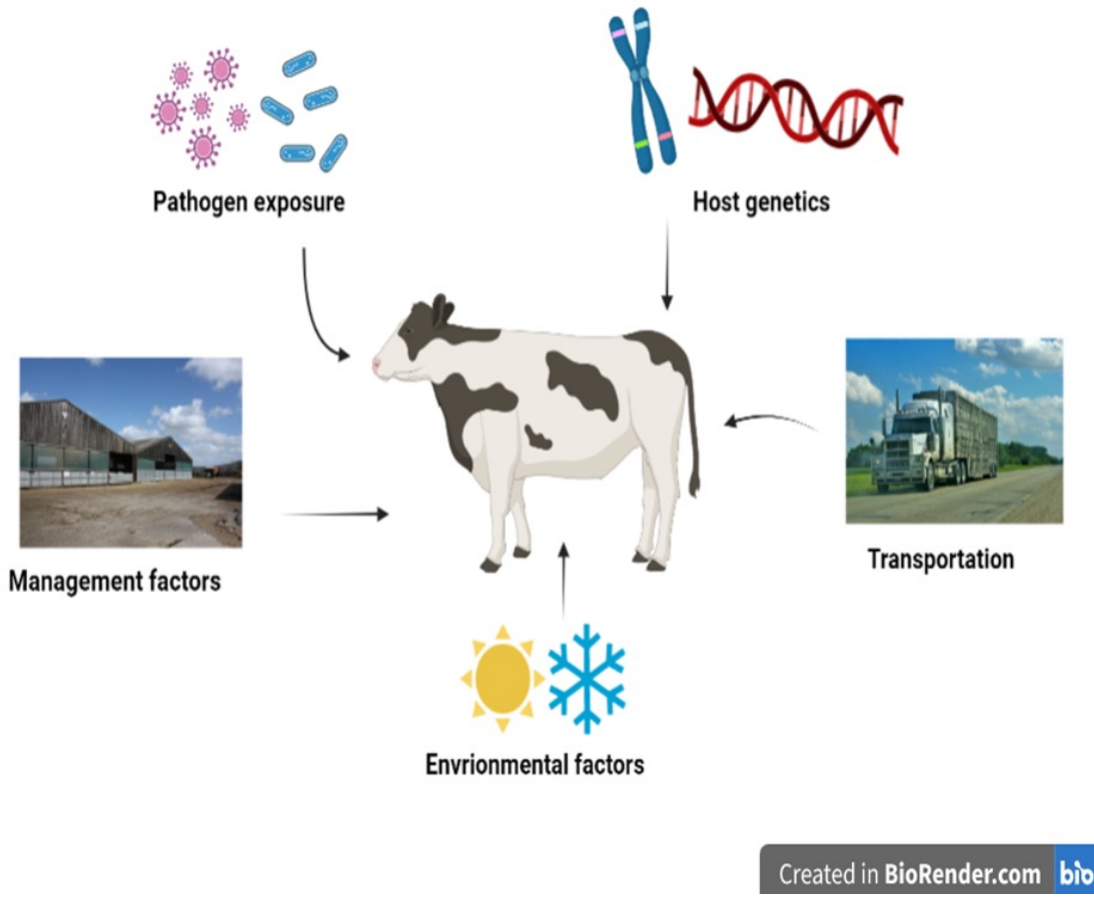


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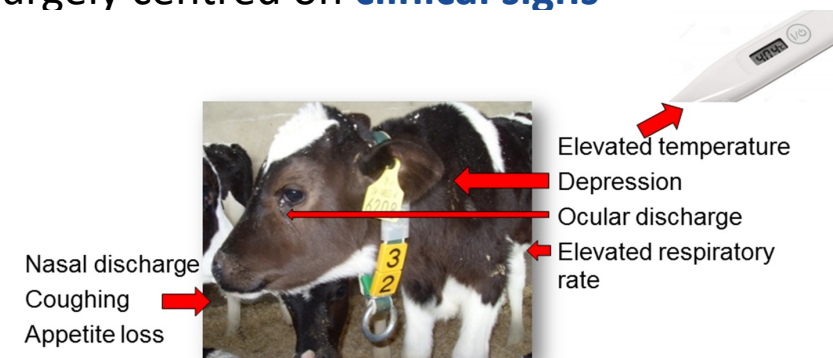
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30th August 2023



Factors contributing to BRD development



- Major **health and welfare issue** in **Irish and international** cattle industries.
- Responsible for **33.4% mortality** in calves (both dairy and beef) aged between **1 and 5 months** (DAFM, 2021)
- Costs range from **approx. €49 – €95 per infected animal**
- **Multifactorial** disease
- Impacts cattle of all ages – **younger calves most vulnerable**
- Diagnosis largely centred on **clinical signs**





- Both **viral** and **bacterial** pathogens responsible for BRD onset
- Initial viral infections can lead to secondary bacterial infections
- BRD bacteria can be **commensals in URT**
- **Stress/illness can** compromise immune system and cause an **imbalance in natural communities** present



BRD-associated viruses



BRD-associated bacteria

Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus (BRSV)

Pasteurella multocida

Bovine herpesvirus 1 (BoHV-1)

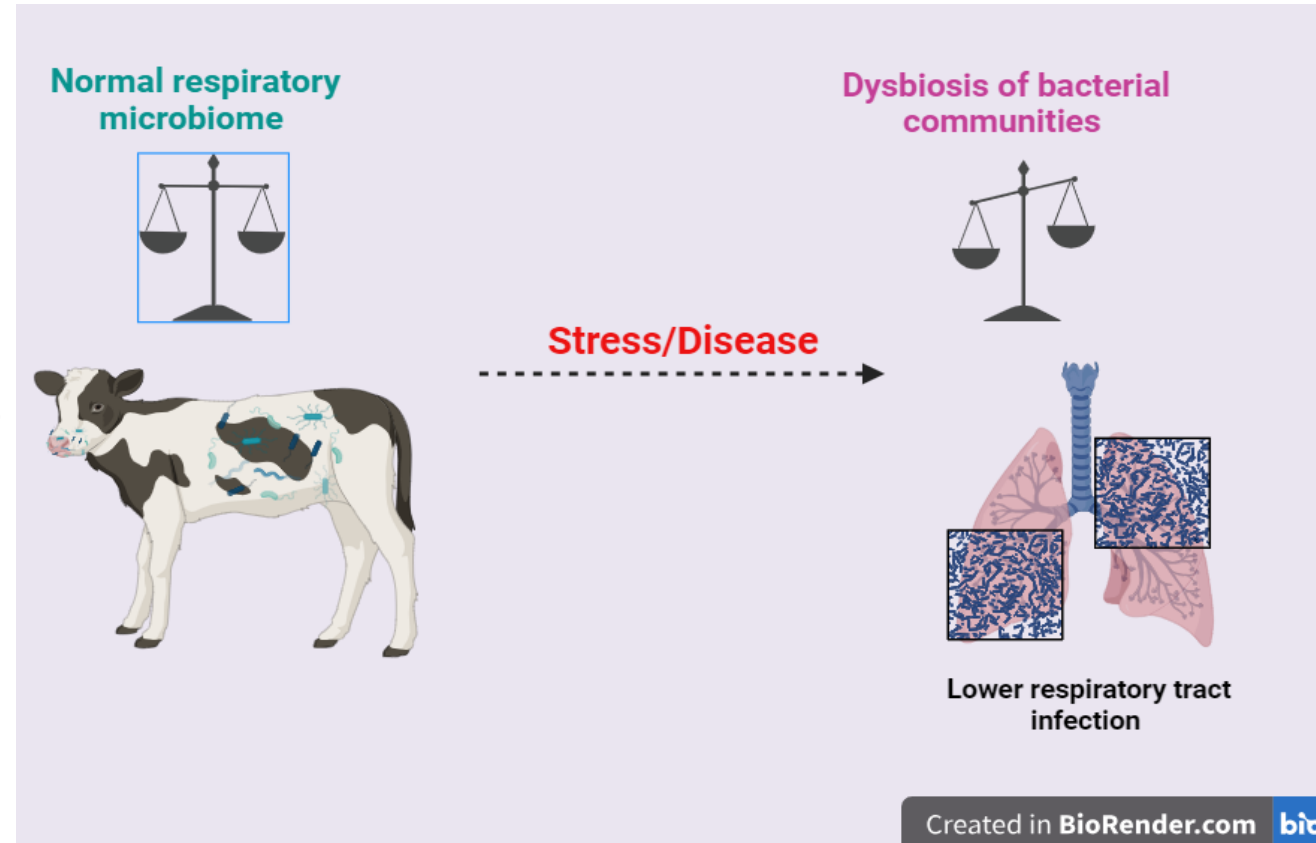
Mannheimia haemolytica

Bovine Coronavirus (Bcov)

Histophilus somni

Bovine parainfluenza 3 virus (PI3)

Mycoplasma bovis





Studies to date:

2016

Microbiome of the upper nasal cavity of calves prior to weaning¹²

[Tara G McDanel](#) ✉, [Larry A Kuehn](#), [John W K](#)

2017

mplicon sequence analysis of disease associated bacteria in lung node tissue

[an](#), [Gerard Murray](#), [David Anthony Kenny](#), [Sinead Mary](#)
[ew Sean McCabe](#) ✉

2019

Lower Respiratory Tract
Bovine Respiratory Disease

[Cassidy L. Klima](#), [Devin B. Holman](#), [Brenda J. Ralston](#),
[Tim A. McAllister](#) ✉

Bacterial microbiota
over the course of a
known viral infection
?

2022

bovine respiratory disease through
the nasal microbiome

[Ruth Eunice Centeno-Martinez](#), [Natalie Glidden](#), [Suraj Mohan](#), [Josiah Levi Davidson](#), [Esteban Fernández-Juricic](#), [Jacquelyn P. Boerman](#), [Jon Schoonmaker](#), [Deepti Pillai](#), [Jennifer Koziol](#), [Aaron Ault](#), [Mohit S. Verma](#)
& [Timothy A. Johnson](#) ✉



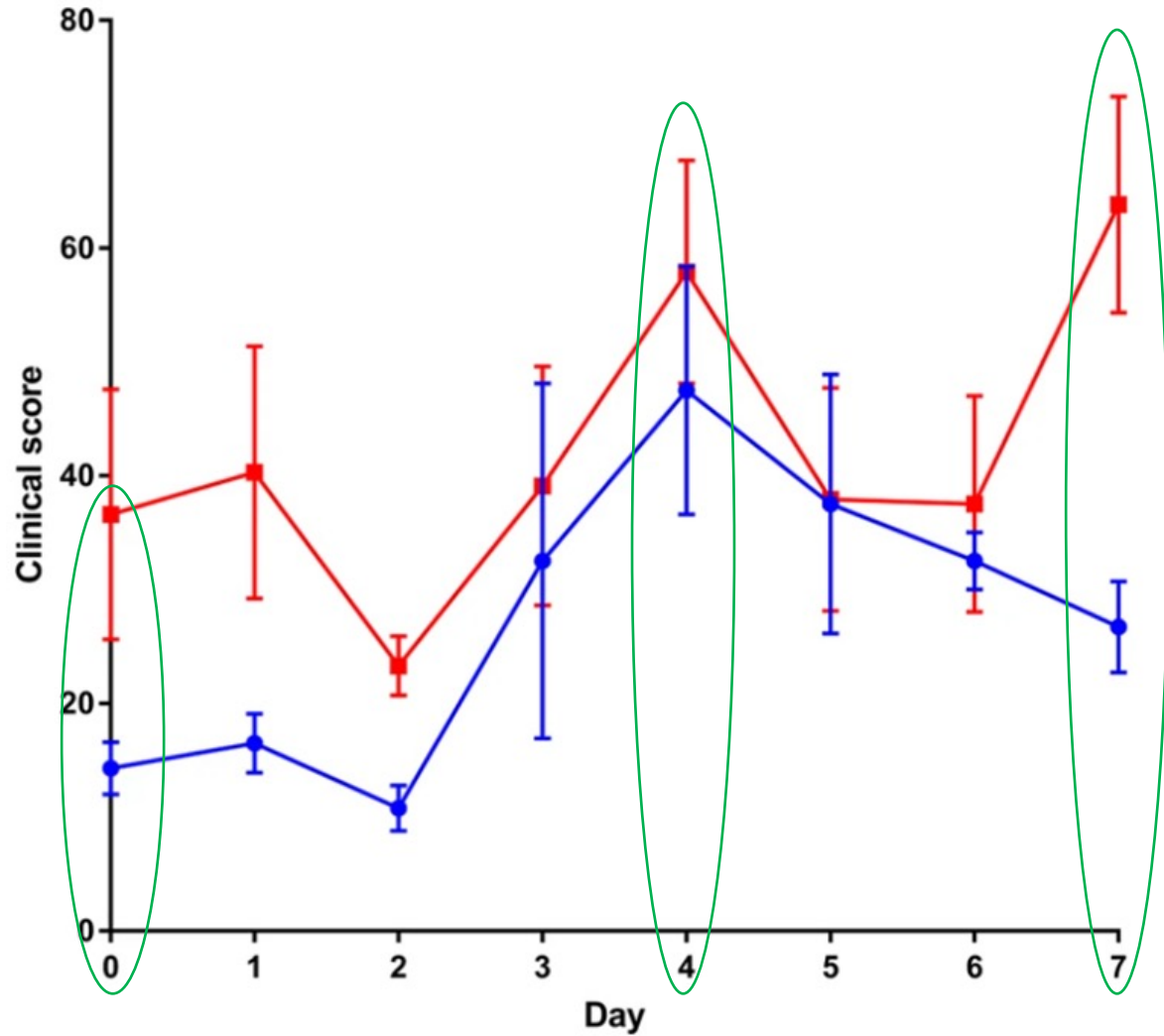


- **18 Holstein-Friesian bull calves** selected from a pool of 30 animals based on low maternally derived antibodies (MDA) and negative BRSV PCR status.
- Two treatment groups:
 1. **Mock challenged** with sterile PBS (n=6)
 2. **Challenged** (n=12) with BRSV($10^{3.5}$ TCID₅₀/ml × 15 ml)
- **Clinical signs** recorded daily (day (d) 0 to 7)
- **Nasal swabs** collected each day
- Euthanised on **d 7** post-challenge

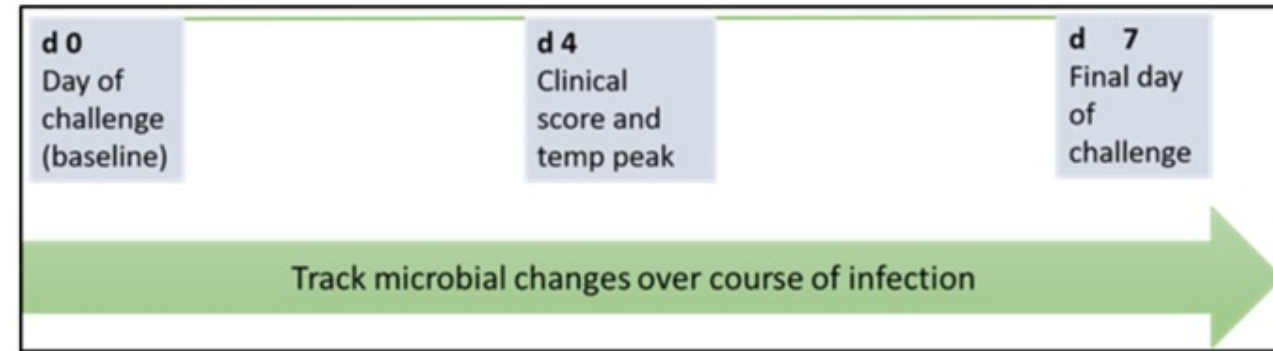




(Johnston et al., 2019)



● control
■ BRSV



Time-Point A = d 0

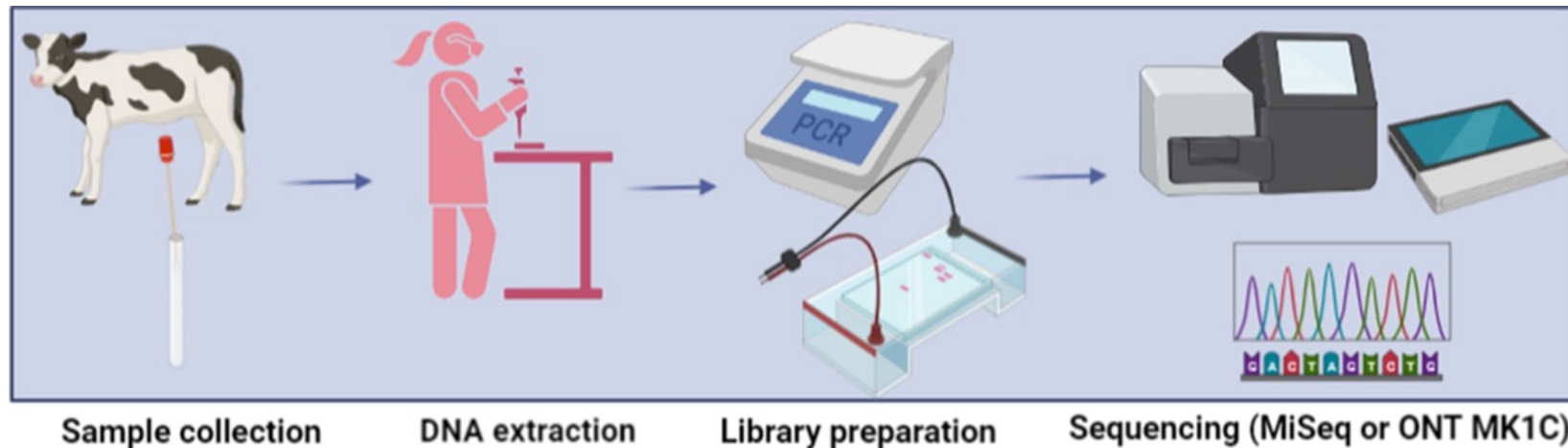
Time-Point B = d 4

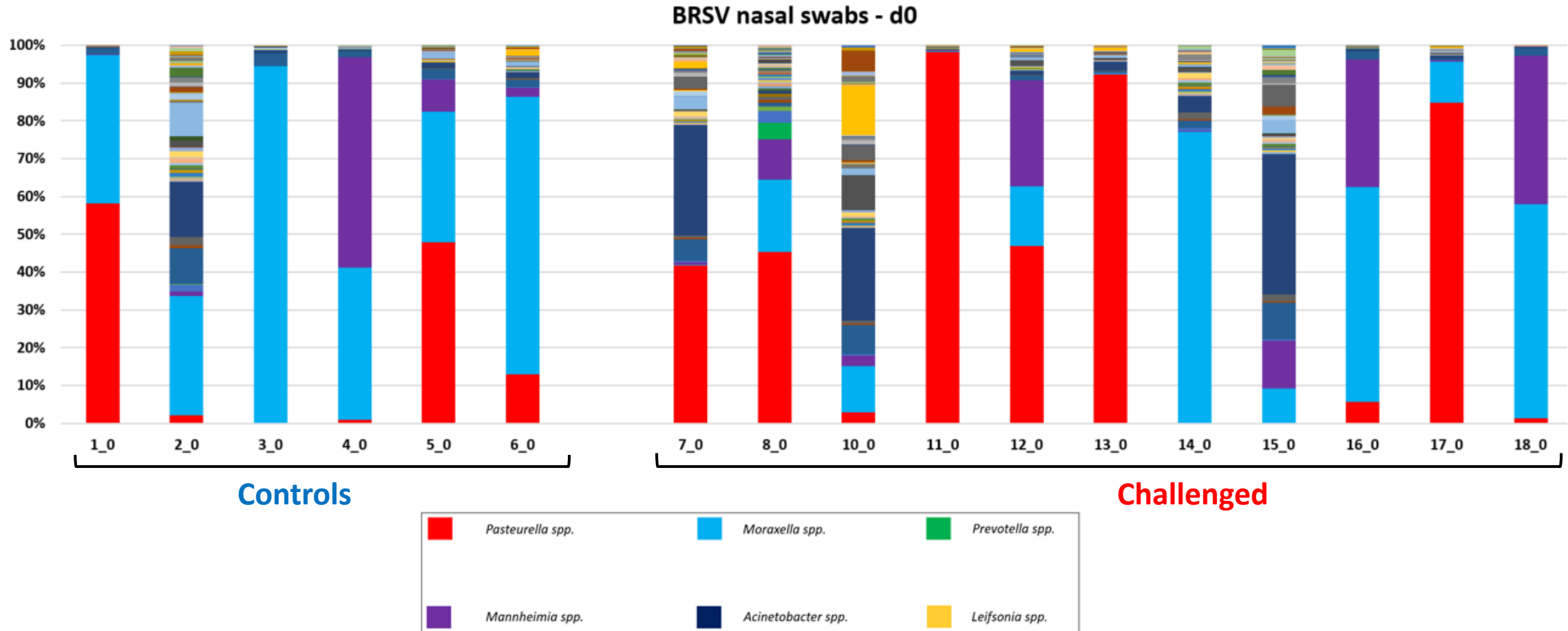
Time-Point C = d 7





- DNA from **nasal swabs** extracted using DNeasy Powerlyzer PowerSoil kit
- Sequencing libraries prepared using the Oxford Nanopore Technologies (ONT) **16S Barcoding kit (SQK16S024)**
- Libraries quantified and quality assessed on the **Nanodrop Spectrophotometer**
- **Pooled libraries** were sequenced on a ONT MinION MK1C device on a MinION flow cell (9.4 chemistry)
- **Raw FASTQ reads** uploaded to the **EPI2ME platform** and analysed with the **Fastq 16S pipeline (v2022.01.07)**



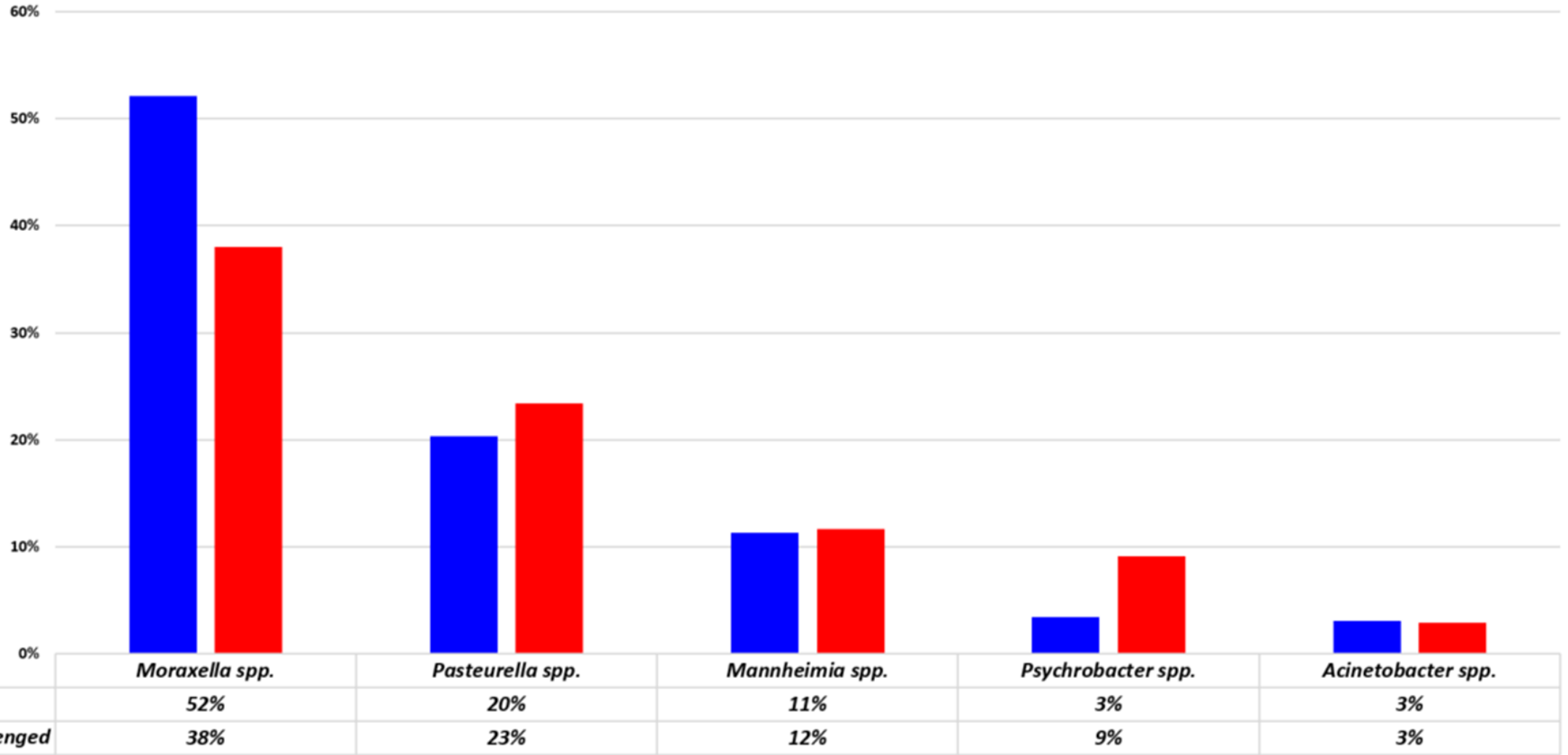


No significant difference in any genus between treatments at TP A ($P < 0.05$, $FDR < 0.05$)



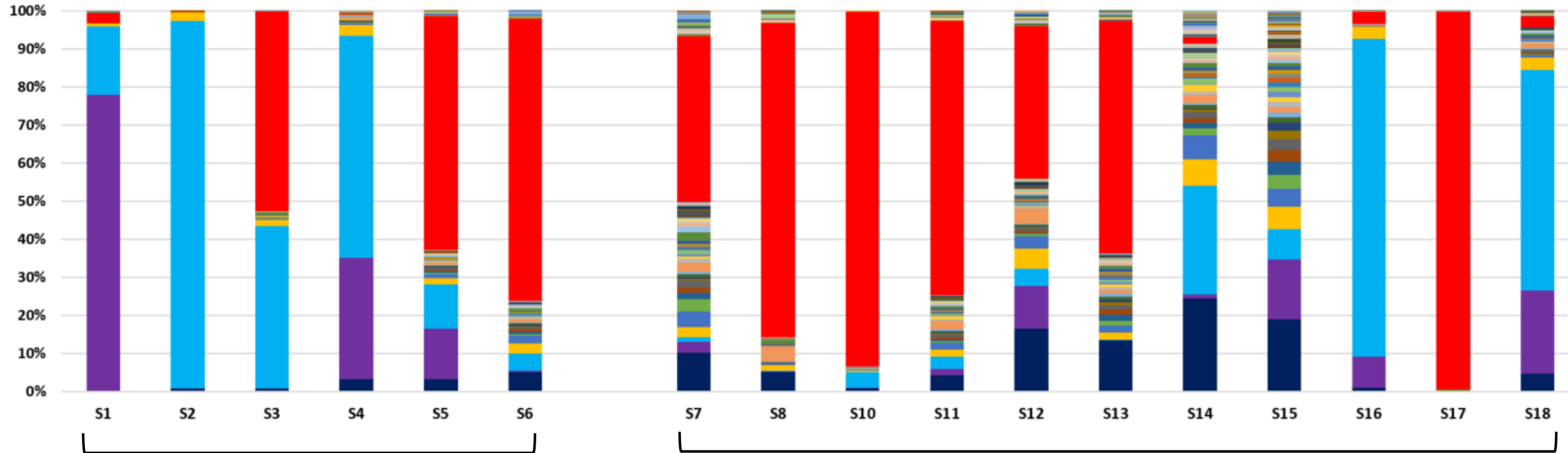


Average % abundances BRSV vs Controls - Day 0



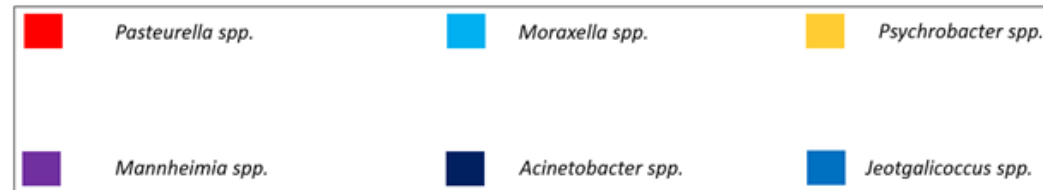


BRSV nasal swabs - d4



Controls

Challenged

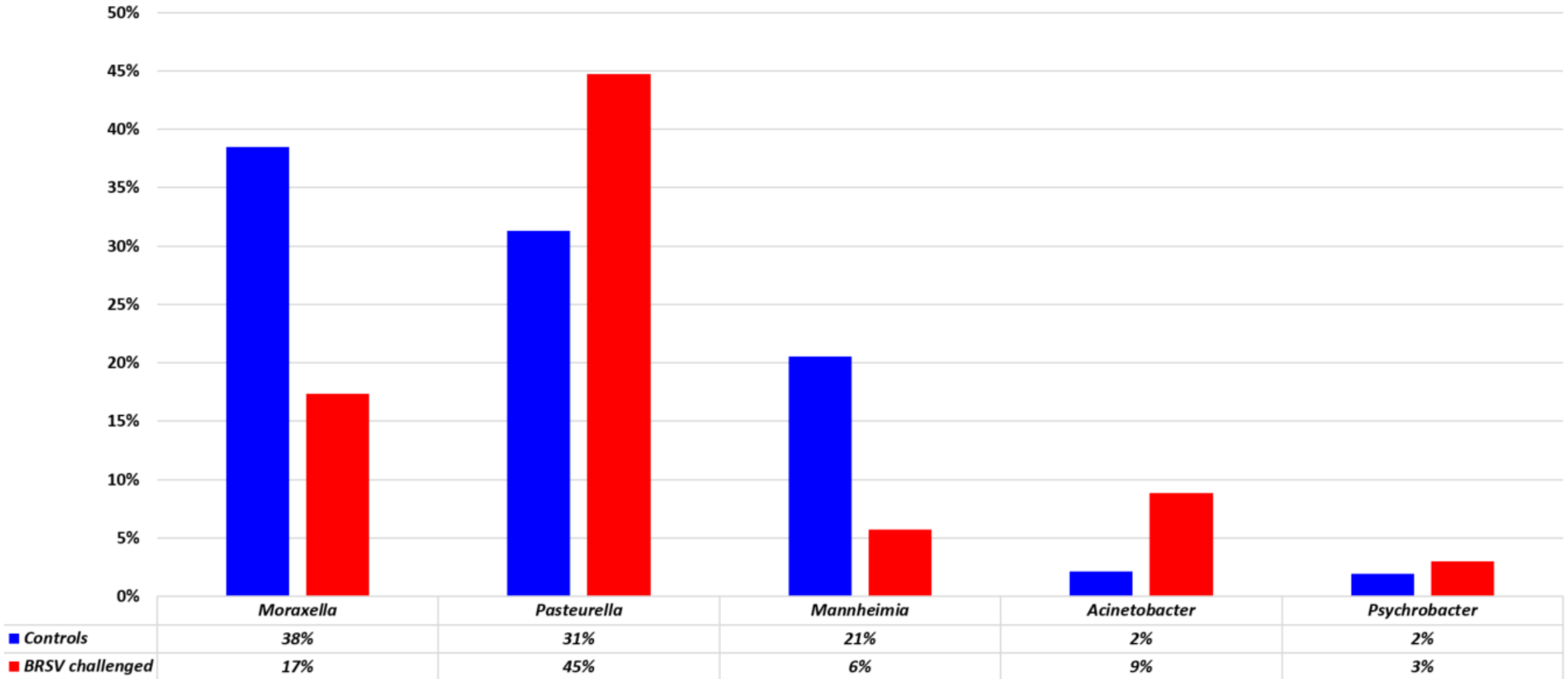


No significance difference in any genus between treatments at TP B ($P < 0.05$, $FDR < 0.05$)



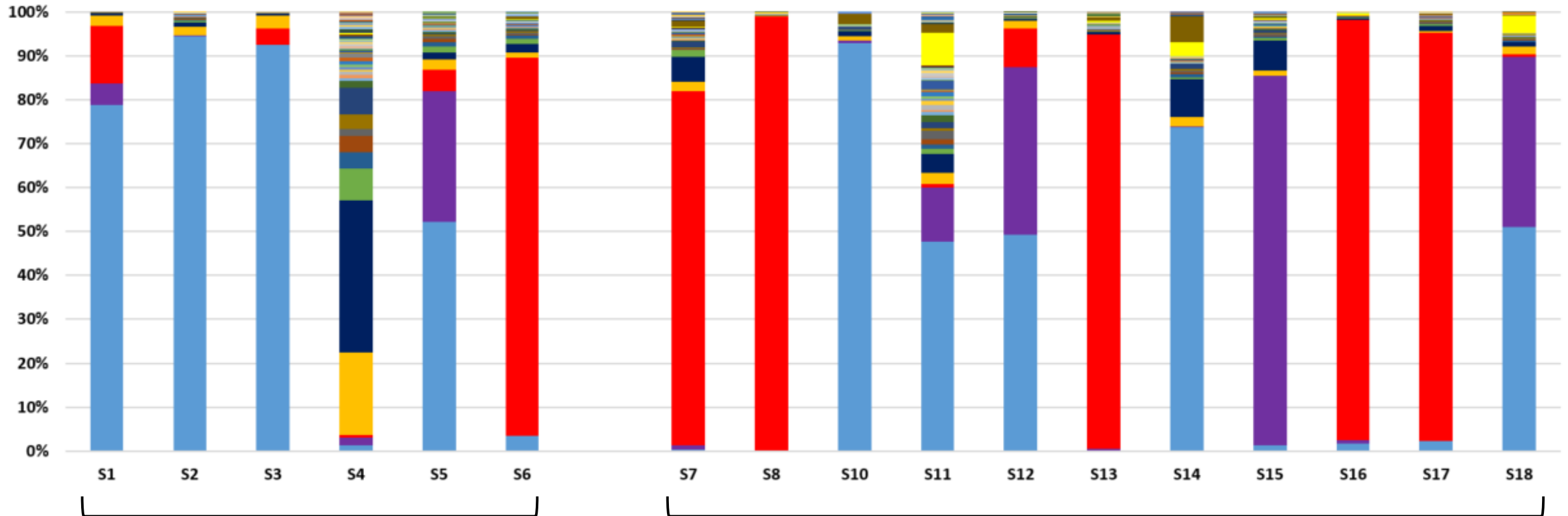


Average % abundances BRSV vs Controls - Day 4



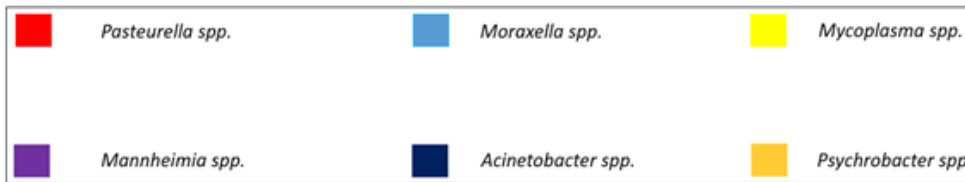


BRSV nasal swabs - d7



Controls

Challenged

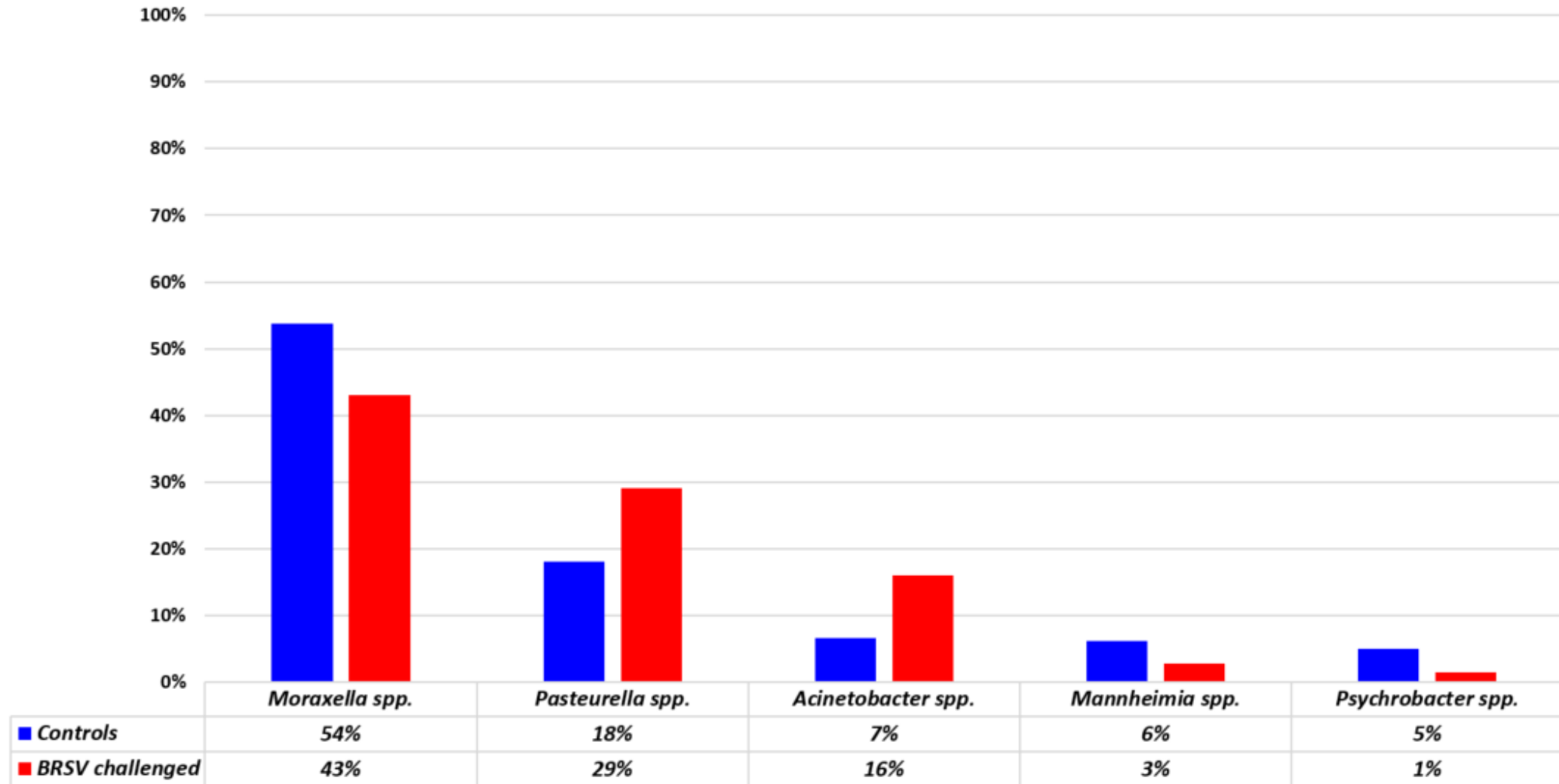


No significance difference in any genus between treatments at TP C ($P < 0.05$, $FDR < 0.05$)





Average % abundances BRSV vs Controls - Day 7





- Characterised the **bacterial nasal microbiome of BRSV infected calves**
- Top genera identified across all animals include *Pasteurella*, *Moraxella* and *Mannheimia spp.*
- BRSV infection seems to **alter the bacterial microbiome of the URT in infected calves**
- Potential for the use of the MinION device as an ‘pen-side’ laboratory testing tool





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United States Department of Agriculture
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Thank you for your attention

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